## Answers to Pause and Reflect Boxes for Chapter 3 Phonology Joyce Bruhn de Garavito

### Pause and Reflect 3.1

*New phonemes:*  $/f d b v I \theta d \hat{J} \hat{t}$ 

### Pause and Reflect 3.2

Examples of minimal pairs will vary but some possibilities are given below.

			Examples of minimal pairs for initial consonant			ples of minimal for vowel
i.	hat	/hæt/	rat	/ıæt/	heat	/hit/
ii.	gun	/gʌn/	run	/IVU/	gone	/gan/
iii.	zip	/zɪp/	lip	/lɪp/	zap	/zæp/
iv.	seat	/sit/	beat	/bit/	sat	/sæt/
v.	rest	/sest/	best	/bɛst/	rust	/JASt/
vi.	bear	/bɛı/	wear	/wel/	beer	/bi.ɪ/
vii.	she	/ʃi/	be	/bi/	shoe	/ʃu/
viii.	vine	/vajn/	line	/lajn/	van	/væn/

### Pause and Reflect 3.3

i. If [p] and [b] are allophones, then [puman] and [buman] cannot exist with different meanings.

ii. Only (ii) is possible in X. We have a possible and logical rule for the distribution of these two allophones: /p/ becomes voiced before a vowel because vowels are also voiced. See assimilation, Chapter 2 Phonetics.

#### Pause and Reflect 3.4

We find [』] after the following	We find [1] after the following
consonants:	consonants:
[k t f p]	[b d g]

The consonants in the first column are all voiceless, those in the second column are voiced.



# Pause and Reflect 3.5

The list in (i) is made up of consonants. The list in (ii) is made up of vowels.

# Pause and Reflect 3.6

It is only possible to sing /m/, not /t/. This is because of the greater sonority of /m/.

## Pause and Reflect 3.7

	+/-consonantal	+/-syllabic	+/-sonorant	+/-voice
/f/	+	_	_	—
/0/	+	_	_	—
/ð/	+	_	_	+
/1/	+	_	+	+
/s/	+	_	_	—
/z/	+	_	_	+
/ʃ/	+	_	_	—
/3/	+	_	_	+
dz	+	_	_	+
t∫	+	_	_	_

## Pause and Reflect 3.8

i.	/b p ŋ/	No, they have few features in common and they differ in several: nasality, voice,
	_	sonority, place of articulation
ii.	/m s d3/	No, they have few features in common and they differ in several features: nasality,
		voice, sonority, place of articulation, DR.
iii.	$/d\hat{g}\hat{t}$	Yes, they are both [+DR], the only consonants in English that are.
iv.	/i 1 u v/	Yes, they are all high vowels

## Pause and Reflect 3.9

[-voice]	$/p t k f s \theta \int h t f$
[+voice]	/b d g v z ð 3 d3 m n ŋ l 1 j w/

## Pause and Reflect 3.10

- i. [+anterior] are /p b t d f v s z  $\theta$  ð m n l J/
- ii. [-coronal] are  $/p b k g f v m \eta j w h/$

## Pause and Reflect 3.11

i. The consonants /s z/ are [+anterior], [+coronal], [+strident].

- ii. The consonants  $/d\hat{3} 3/$  are [+voice], [-anterior], [+coronal], [+strident].
- iii. The consonant  $/\eta$  is [+nasal], [+back].

### Pause and Reflect 3.12

- i. The vowels /u v/are [+back], [+high].
- ii. The vowels /e,  $\varepsilon$ / are [-high], [-low], [-back].
- iii. The vowel /æ/ is [-back], [+low].
- iv. The vowel /ə/ is [+reduced].

### Pause and Reflect 3.13

i.	/f v s z θð∫3 /	[+consonantal], [+continuant] [-sonorant]
ii.	/e e a ə o o/	[+syllabic], [-high], [-low]
iii.	/θ ð/	[+consonantal], [+continuant], [-sonorant], [+coronal], [-strident]
iv.	/u v/	[+syllabic], [+back], [+high]

### Pause and Reflect 3.14

[s]	/t k f p/
[Z]	/m b n l d g/



[+continuant]	$\rightarrow$ [+voice] /	[+consonantal]
[+strident]		[+voice]
[+anterior]		

## Pause and Reflect 3.15

- i. strange one syllable
- ii. examination /ek.sæ.mi.ne.ʃən/
- iii. impressive /ɪm.p.iɛ.sɪv/
- iv. gymnastics  $/d\overline{3}$ Im.næ.strks/
- v. truthfulness /tru $\theta$ .fəl.n $\epsilon$ s/

#### Pause and Reflect 3.16

i.	plant	/plænt/
ii.	contract	/k <sup>h</sup> an.t.ækt/
iii.	inclusion	/ɪŋ.klu.ʒən/



# Pause and Reflect 3.17

i. prize

		*		
		*	*	
	*	*	*	
	*	*	*	
/p	T	а	j	<b>z</b> /

## ii. school

		*	
		*	
		*	*
		*	*
/s	k	u	1/

## iii. blame

		*	
		*	
	*	*	
	*	*	*
/b	1	e	m/

#### iv. when

	*	
	*	
*	*	
*	*	*
$/\mathbf{w}$	3	n/